

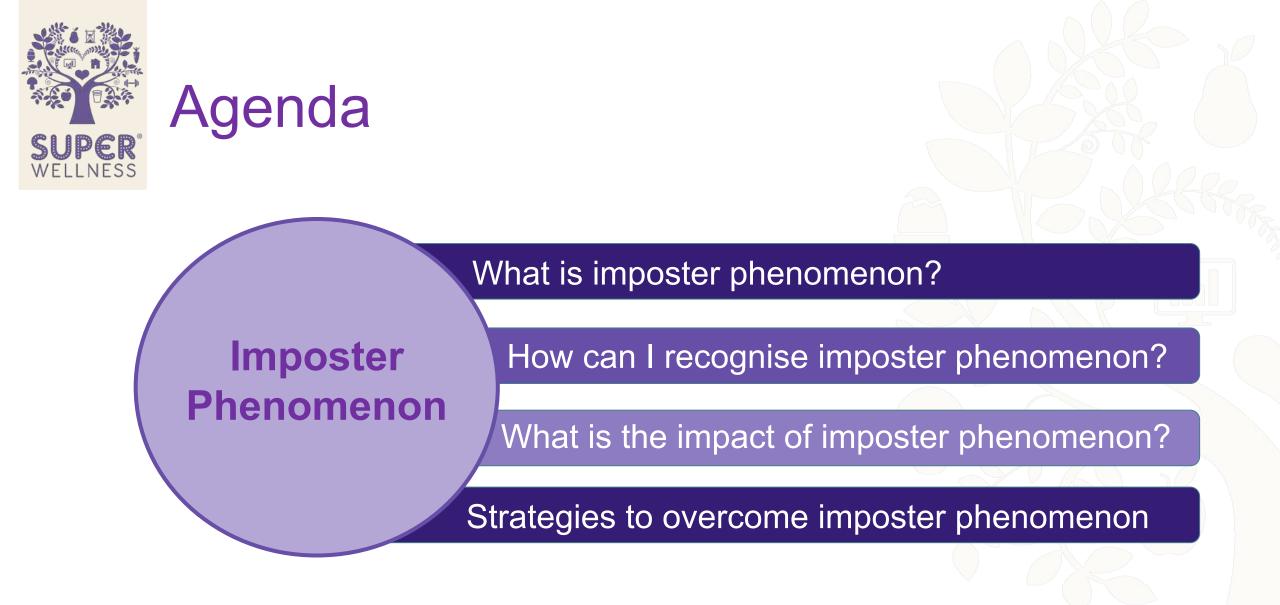
# Mastering **Self-Belief:** Tackling the 'Imposter Phenomenon'



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- I help busy people get more energy and happiness. Corporate Nutritionist at SuperWellness with a special interest in psychological wellbeing
- SuperWellness founded in 2011 we simplify your path to effective workplace wellbeing, by providing all the support you need in one place
- Worked with over 1000 organisations, including Arriva Rail London, Hitachi, Sky, Vitality, Viking RAJA Group & many more







# What is the 'Imposter Phenomenon'?







## The definition of the 'Imposter Phenomenon'

'A psychological phenomenon where individuals **doubt their accomplishments** and have **a persistent fear of being exposed as frauds** despite evidence of success.'

**Note:** 82% of people have experienced the phenomenon at some point in their working lives.





# Psychological underpinnings: The imposter phenomenon



Here are some key psychological aspects:

#### Cognitive distortions:

- All-or-nothing thinking
- Discounting positives

#### Perfectionism:

- Unrealistic standards
- Fear of failure

#### Attribution styles

- External attribution for successes
- Internal attribution for failures



# Psychological underpinnings: The imposter phenomenon



#### Self-Doubt & Lack of Confidence:

- Constant questioning
- Low self-efficacy

#### Social Comparison:

- Comparison with others
- Overemphasis on peers

#### Internalised Stereotypes:

- Belief in inherent inadequacy
- Fear of confirming stereotypes

#### Early Experiences & Feedback:

- Early criticism
- Overemphasis on feedback



# Summarising the imposter phenomenon (IP)

The three defining features of the phenomenon:

1) A feeling that other people have an inflated perception of your abilities.

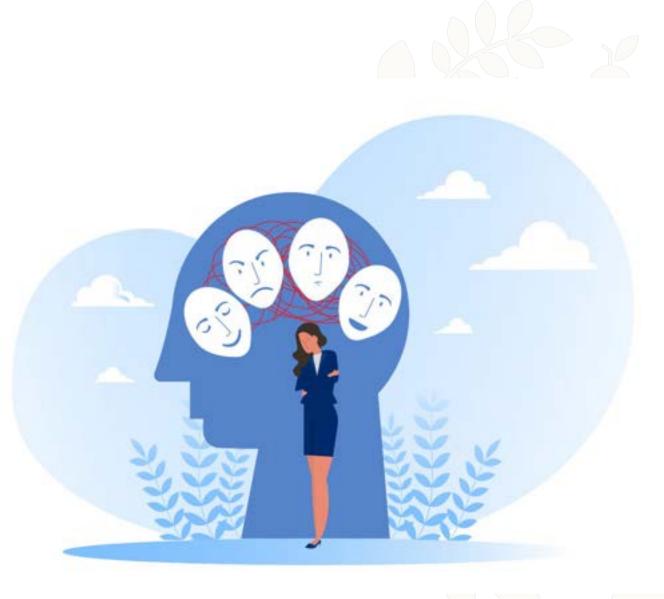
2) A fear that your perceived lack of abilities will be found out.

3) A persistent tendency to attribute successes to external factors, such as luck or disproportionate effort.

A note on the term 'syndrome'. The Imposter phenomenon is not a mental health disorder and does not appear in the DSM or ICD



# How can I recognise IP?

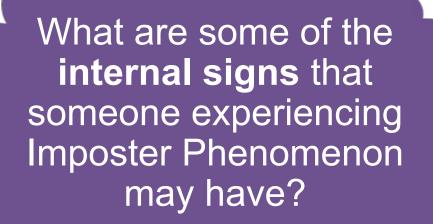


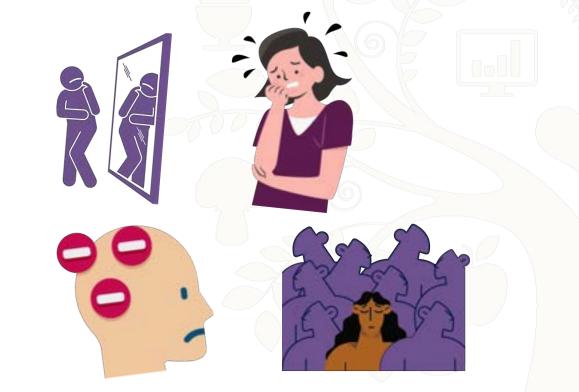


## Internal signs

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Internal signs refer to a personal signal, feeling, thought that someone experiences inside themselves.







## Identifying imposters – Internal signs

Anxiety & stress Negative self-talk

Fear of being exposed

**Feeling guilty** 

Perfectionism

Impaired self-esteem Persistent self-doubt Setting unrealistic standards Dismissing compliments as insincere Regularly comparing oneself to colleagues Attributing success to external factors



# How IP shows up – The imposter cycle



Individuals experiencing IP respond to tasks in one of two ways:

Over-preparation
 Procrastination



## External signs

External signs are observable signals or behaviours displayed by individuals that others can see or perceive.

What are some of the **external signs** that someone experiencing Imposter Phenomenon may show?





## Identifying imposters – External signs

**Social withdrawal** 

Perfectionism

**Over-preparing** 

**Excessive apologising** 

Avoidance of leadership roles and visibility

Difficulty accepting compliments

Excessive reassurance seeking

Procrastination

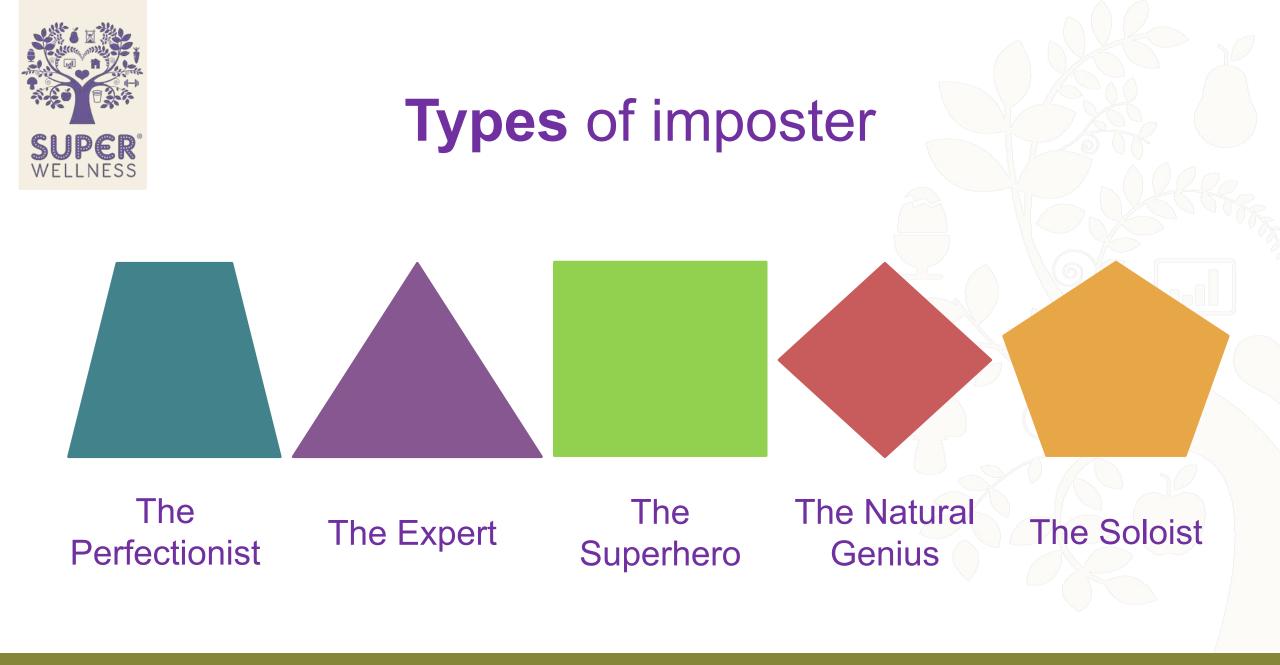
**Resistance to seeking help** 

Downplaying skills & achievements

Holding back opinions

Overworking to prove worth

Difficulty handling criticism



Ref: Young, V (2011)



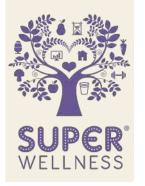
# Activity – Scenario one

#### Sarah, Marketing professional

Sarah consistently exceeds her targets and receives praise for her innovative marketing campaigns. Despite her success, she often attributes her achievements to luck and feels anxious about being exposed as inexperienced. She hesitates to share her ideas in team meetings, fearing they won't measure up to her colleagues' expectations.

Do you think they are experiencing the Imposter phenomenon?





## Activity – Scenario two



#### Morgan, Small business owner

Morgan founded a successful small business and is admired for their entrepreneurial achievements. However, Morgan often compares the business to competitors and feels a constant need to prove their worth. Morgan avoids industry events and networking, fearing that peers will discover a lack of expertise.

Do you think they are experiencing the Imposter phenomenon?



## Activity – Scenario three

#### **Chris, Sales Representative**

Chris is a successful sales representative consistently meeting and exceeding sales targets. Chris is confident in presenting products to clients, actively participates in team meetings, and views challenges as opportunities for growth. Chris accepts positive feedback graciously and recognises personal contributions to the team's success.

Do you think they are experiencing the Imposter phenomenon?





## The Clance IP scale

#### 1 - Not at all true, 2 - Rarely, 3 - Sometimes, 4 - Often, 5 - Very true

- I have often succeeded on a test or task even though I was afraid that I would not do well before I undertook the task 1.
- can give the impression that I'm more competent than I really am 2
- I avoid evaluations if possible and have a dread of others evaluating me 3.
- When people praise me for something I've accomplished, I'm afraid I won't be able to live up to their expectations of me in 4. the future
- I sometimes think I obtained my present position or gained my present success because I happened to be in the right place at the right time or knew the right people 5.
- I'm afraid people important to me may find out that I'm not as capable as they think I am
- 6

7.

- I tend to remember the incidents in which I have not done my best more than those times I have done my best
- I rarely do a project or task as well as I'd like to do it 8.
- Sometimes I feel or believe that my success in my life or in my job has been the result of some kind of error 9.
- It's hard for me to accept compliments or praise about my intelligence or accomplishments 10.

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### The Clance IP scale

#### 1 - Not at all true, 2 - Rarely, 3 - Sometimes, 4 - Often, 5 - Very true

At times, I feel my success has been due to some kind of luck

- 11. I'm disappointed at times in my present accomplishments and think I should have accomplished much more 12.
- Sometimes I'm afraid others will discover how much knowledge or ability I really lack

I'm often afraid that I may fail as a new assignment or undertaking even though I generally do well at what I attempt

- 14. When I've succeeded at something and received recognition for my accomplishments, I have doubts that I can keep
- 15. repeating that success

If a received a great deal of praise and recognition for something I've accomplished, I tend to discount the importance of what I've done

- 17. I often compare my ability to those around me and think they may be more intelligence than I am
  - I often worry about not succeeding with a project or examinations, even though others around me have considerable
- 18. confidence that I will do well
  - If I'm going to receive a promotion of gain recognition of some kind, I hesitate to tell others until it is an accomplished fact
- I feel bad and discouraged if I'm not "the best" or at least "very special" in situations that involved achievement



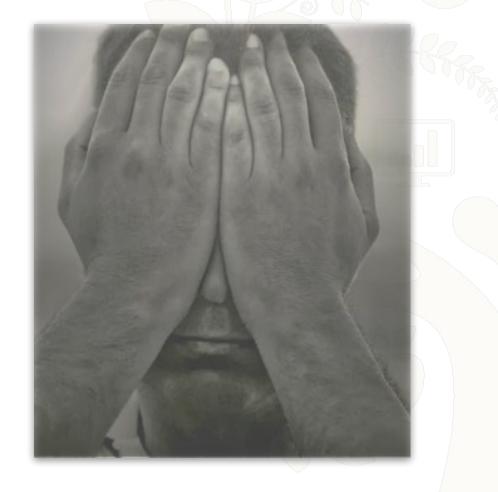
# What is the impact of IP?





## Negative effects on mental health

- Increased stress and anxiety: Studies indicate a significant association between elevated stress scores, heightened anxiety scores, and increased IP scores.
- Symptoms of depression: A study revealed a robust correlation between individuals experiencing IP and the presence of depression.
- **Burnout and exhaustion:** Research with medical students indicates that those with IP were more likely to experience **burnout**.







## Negative effects on job performance

- Reduced productivity: A study found that individuals with high levels of perfectionism, a common aspect of imposter phenomenon, reported lower task completion rates and decreased overall productivity.
- Reduced job satisfaction: According to research individuals experiencing Imposter Phenomenon reported lower levels of job satisfaction and lower overall career satisfaction.
- Possible increased absenteeism: While specific statistics on reduced absenteeism may vary, a study suggests a connection between high stress levels and increased absenteeism.
- Impaired interpersonal relationships: According to research individuals with imposter phenomenon reported challenges in interpersonal relationships at work, affecting collaboration and teamwork.



## Strategies for overcoming IP



# Strategies for overcoming IP

#### Cognitive behavioural techniques

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Mindfulness & self-compassion practices



Mentorship & support networks

Professional development opportunities

#### Regular check-ins

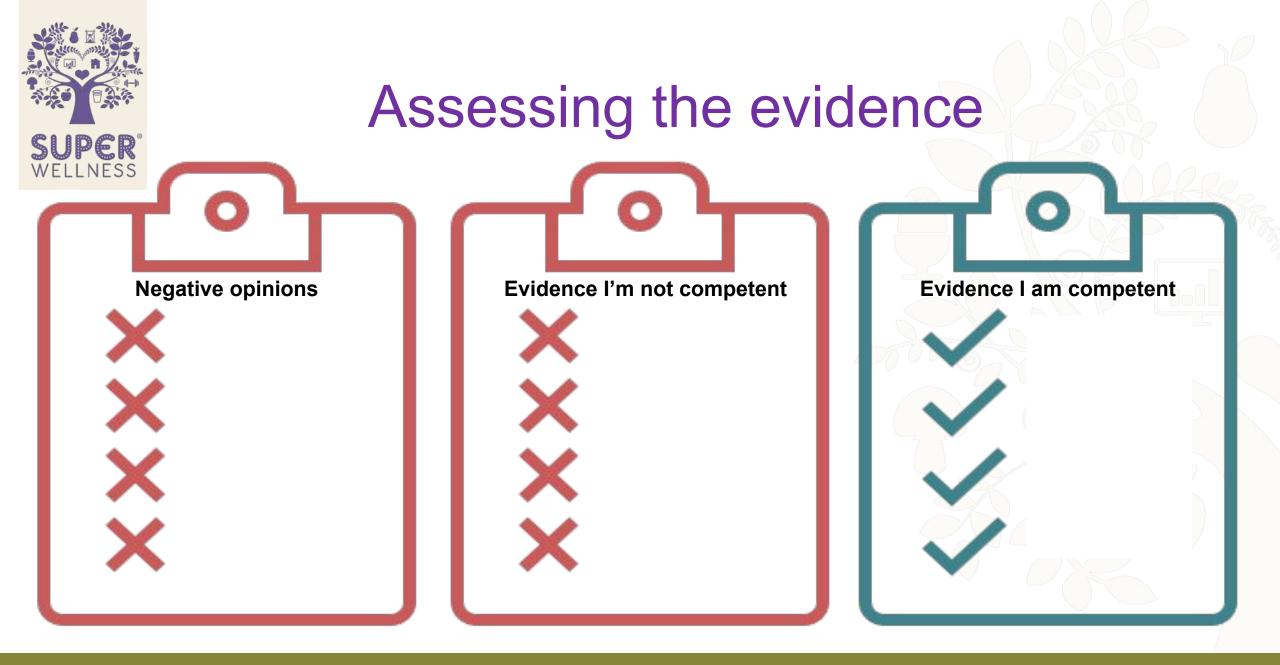


## Cognitive behavioural techniques

Cognitive behavioural techniques involve identifying and changing negative thought patterns to promote healthier behaviours and emotions.

- Identify & challenge negative thought patterns: keep a thought journal, identify patterns and triggers, challenge irrational thoughts by considering other perspectives
- **Develop healthier cognitive habits:** replace negative self talk with positive self-talk, focus on strengths and achievements, positive visualisation of success







#### Mindfulness

Mindfulness is the practice of staying present in the moment, helping overcome imposter phenomenon by fostering self-awareness and reducing negative self-judgment.



Incorporate mindfulness techniques: deep breathing, meditation, practice staying present in the moment, use mindfulness apps



## **Self-compassion practices**

Self-compassion involves treating oneself with kindness and understanding, supporting the overcoming of imposter phenomenon by promoting a positive and nurturing relationship with one's own abilities and experiences.

#### **Cultivate self-compassion:**

treat yourself like you would a friend, acknowledge imperfections without criticism, practise self-compassionate talk





## Mentorship

Mentorship provides guidance and support, aiding in overcoming imposter phenomenon by offering valuable insights and encouragement from experienced individuals.

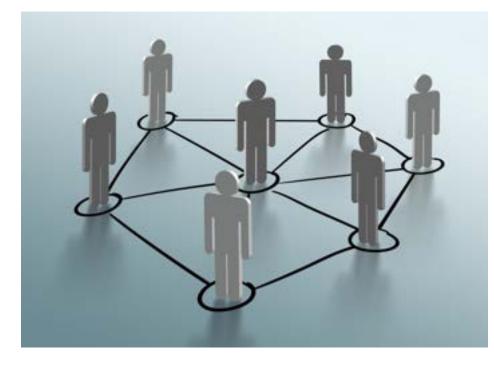


Establish mentorship programs: pair less experienced colleagues with more experienced colleagues, provide guidance, advice, goal-setting.



## Support networks

Support networks offer a sense of belonging and understanding, aiding in overcoming imposter phenomenon by providing a community where individuals can share experiences, receive encouragement, and gain perspective.



Look for support networks: participate in team building activities, join in open discussions, seek out informal support groups, work on building relationships in different parts of your life



## **Professional development**

Professional development facilitates skill enhancement and confidence-building, helping to overcome imposter phenomenon by empowering individuals to acquire and strengthen their competencies in their chosen field.



- Provide/find resources for ongoing development: try online courses, offer access, create library of resources, support attendance on training
- **Support workshops:** join in with or even host workshops on confidence building etc, invite guest speakers, industry experts



## Check ins

Check-ins, through regular communication and feedback, contribute to overcoming imposter phenomenon by creating a supportive environment where individuals can openly discuss challenges, receive reassurance, and acknowledge their achievements.



- Ask for or implement regular check ins: rather than performance evaluation ask for what you or the other person needs to feel supported.
- Create a feedback loop: help create a culture of constructive feedback eg through anonymous surveys, suggestion boxes.

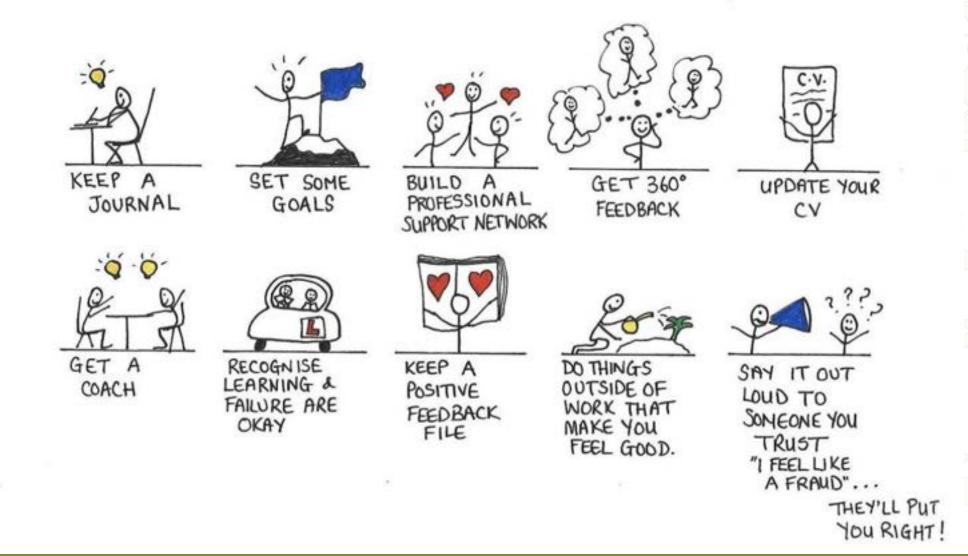


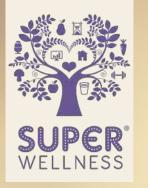
## Strategies for your imposter type

The Perfectionist	The Expert	The Superhero	The Natural Genius	The Soloist
<ul> <li>Set realistic goals</li> <li>Learn to accept &amp; celebrate small victories</li> <li>Understand perfection is unattainable &amp; mistakes = growth!</li> </ul>	Embrace continuous learning	<ul> <li>Set realistic boundarie &amp; prioritise self-care Learn to delegate &amp; ask for help when needed</li> <li>Recognise that taking breaks &amp; work-life balance is crucial for success</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>es • Understand that effort is essential for success</li> <li>Break down tasks into manageable steps &amp; focus on the process (not end result)</li> <li>Celebrate the learning journey</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop a support system by seeking guidance &amp; mentorship</li> <li>Share achievements with trusted people</li> <li>Recognise the value of collaboration &amp; teamwork for success</li> </ul>



10 WAYS TO OVERCOME 'IMPOSTOR SYNDROME'





"One who has previously considered themselves an Imposter begins to allow themself to state and feel,

*'I am intelligent. I have learned and achieved a tremendous amount. It is alright for me to believe in my own intellectual abilities and strengths'* 

They begin to be free of the burden of believing they are a phony and can more fully participate in the joys, zest, and power of their accomplishments."



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people.

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well tiefore Lundertook the task.

times I have done my best.

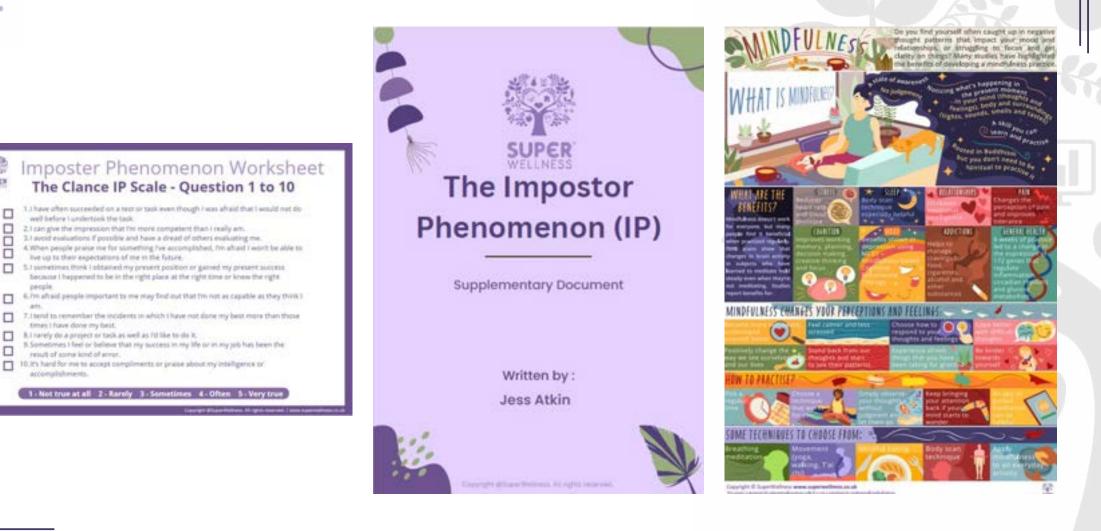
result of some kind of error.

accomplishments.

live up to their expectations of me in the future.

8.1 rarely do a project or task as well as fullike to do it.

#### **Additional Resources**





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